

Enhancing the Enantioselectivity of Lipase in Transesterification by Substrate Matching: An Enzyme Memory Based Approach

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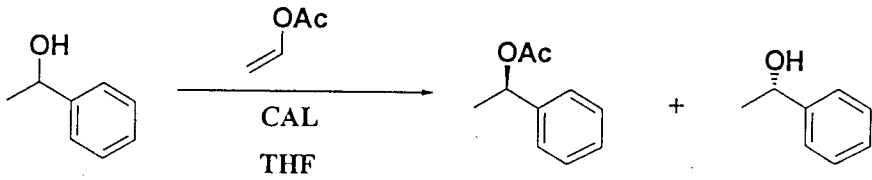
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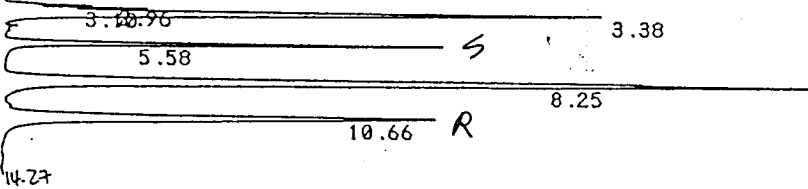
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Supplementary Materials

General procedure for determining the enantioselectivity of lipase. The enzymatic reactions were carried out at room temperature with enol acetate (2-8 equiv.), alcohol (30-50 mg), and enzyme (100mg) in dry solvent (1-1.5 mL). The reactions were carried to approximately 40-50% completion. An aliquot was withdrawn from the reaction mixture, concentrated, and then subjected to the hplc analysis using a chiral column (Chiralcel OD or Welko-O-1) to determine the enantiomeric excesses of the acetylated products and remaining substrates. The hplc analysis was done under the following analytical conditions: **3a**, Chiralcel OD, hexane/isopropanol = 98/2, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, UV 217 nm; **3b** Chiralcel OD, hexane/isopropanol = 98/2, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, UV 217 nm; **3c**, Chiralcel OD, hexane/isopropanol = 99/1, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, UV 217 nm; **4a**, Welko-O-1, hexane/isopropanol = 98/2, flow rate 0.5 mL/min, UV 217 nm; **4b,c**, determined after hydrolyzed to **3b,c**, respectively. See the attached chromatograms for some representative hplc data. The E values for the enantioselectivity were calculated using the equation, $E = \ln[1 - c(1 + ee_p)] / \ln[1 - c(1 - ee_s)]$ or $\ln[(1 - c)(1 - ee_s)] / \ln[(1 - c)(1 + ee_s)]$, where $c = ee_s / (ee_s + ee_p)$,⁸ and described together with the values for ee_s , ee_p , and c in Tables 1-2.



CHANNEL A INJECT 04/29/99 16:18:02 STORED TO BIN # 3



DATA SAVED TO BIN # 3

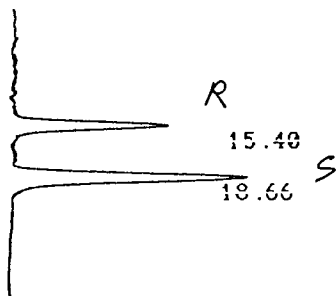
Column : Whelk-O-1
 Eluent : n-Hexane/IPA=98/2
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 UV : 217nm

04/29/99 16:18:02 CH= "A" PS= 1.

FILE 1. METHOD 0. RUN 3 INDEX 3 BIN 3

PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA BC
1	1.351	2.96	20763 02
2	1.726	3.1	26534 02
3	23.78	3.38	365548 03 → solvent
4	11.189	5.58	171998 01 → (S)-OAc
5	39.485	8.25	606954 01 → alcohol
6	22.469	10.66	345386 01 → (R)-OAc
TOTAL	100. (5)		1537183

ee_p = 33.51(%)



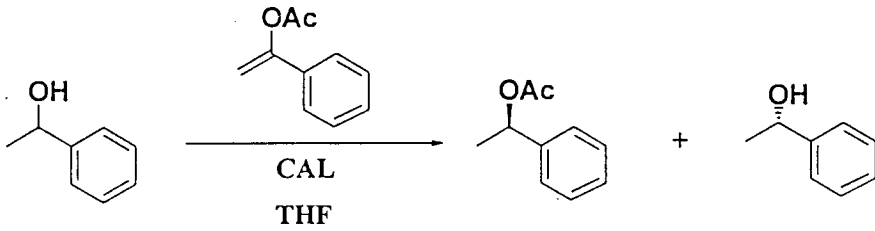
04/28/99 20:09:45

Column : Daicel OD
 Eluent : n-Hexane/IPA=98/2
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 UV : 217nm

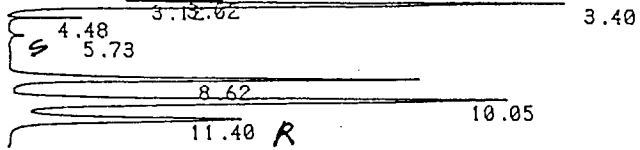
FILE 1. METHOD 0. RUN 17 INDEX 11

PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA BC
1	2.698	3.79	11793 02
2	19.482	4.62	95163 02
3	19.118	5.79	93574 02 → Acetate
4	10.059	6.11	43973 03
5	4.357	7.52	19046 02
6	1.069	7.84	4673 03
7	14.84	15.4	64872 01 → (R)-alcohol
8	28.378	18.66	124051 01 → (S)-alcohol
TOTAL	100.		437145

ees = 31.32(%)



CHANNEL A INJECT 04/30/99 10:54:28 STORED TO BIN #



Chemical structure of (S)-1-phenylethyl acetate.

Column : Whelk-O-1
 Eluent : n-Hexane/IPA=98/2
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 UV : 217nm

DATA SAVED TO BIN # 4

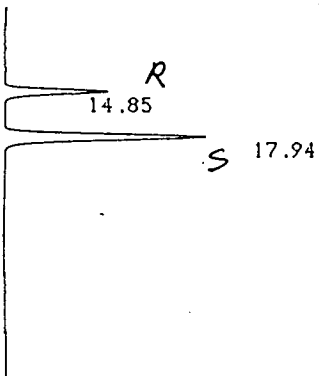
04/30/99 10:54:28 CH= "A" PS= 1.

FILE 1. METHOD 0. RUN 4 INDEX 4 BIN 4

PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA BC
1	1.36	3.02	16283 02
2	4.016	3.12	48089 02
3	28.082	3.4	336287 03
4	0.81	4.48	9697 01
5	0.244	5.73	2924 01 → (S)-OAc
6	17.171	8.62	205628 01 : alcohol
7	32.54	10.05	389672 02 : enol-ester/ketone
8	15.776	11.4	188922 03 → (R)-OAc

ee = 95.95%

TOTAL 100. 1197502



Chemical structure of (R)-1-phenylethanol.

Column : Daicel OD
 Eluent : n-Hexane/IPA=98/2
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 UV : 217nm

DATA SAVED TO BIN # 14

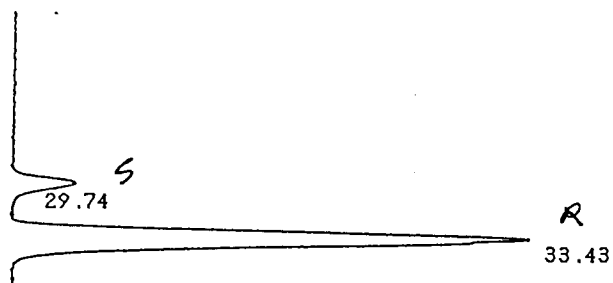
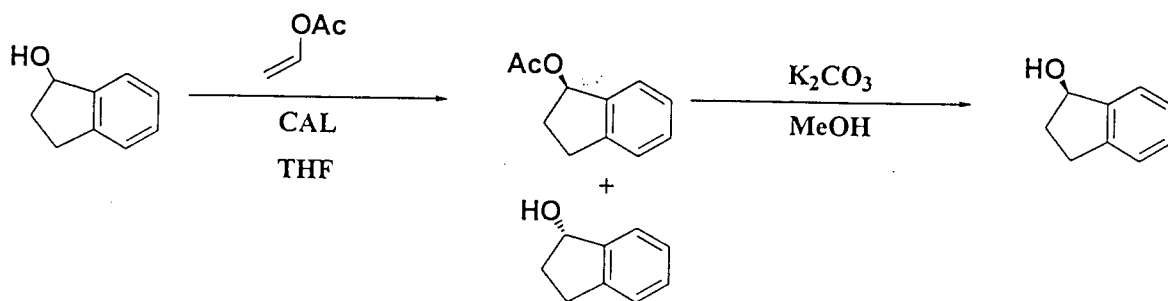
06/18/99 19:00:19 CH= "A" PS= 1.

FILE 1. METHOD 0. RUN 17 INDEX 17 BIN 14

PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA BC
1	0.364	4.66	4109 01
2	7.407	5.82	83664 01 → acetate
3	69.874	7.33	789225 01 → enol-ester/ketone
4	6.603	14.85	74579 01 → (R)-alcohol
5	15.752	17.94	177918 01 → (S)-alcohol

ee_s = 40.93%

TOTAL 100. 1129495



Oc1ccc2c(c1)CC2

 Column : Daicel OD

 Eluent: n-Hexane/IPA=98/2

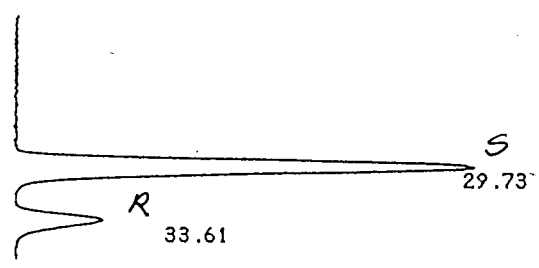
 Flow rate: 0.5mL/min

 UV : 217nm

08/02/99 16:57:44 CH= "A" PS= 1.

FILE	METHOD	RUN	INDEX	BIN
1.	0.	10	10	7
PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA BC	
1	0.93	11.7	23521 01	
2	8.835	29.74	223524 01	→ (S)-alcohol
3	90.235	33.43	2282909 01	→ (R)-alcohol
TOTAL	100.		2529954	

ee_p = 82.16(%)



Oc1ccc2c(c1)CC2

 Column : Daicel OD

 Eluent: n-Hexane/IPA=98/2

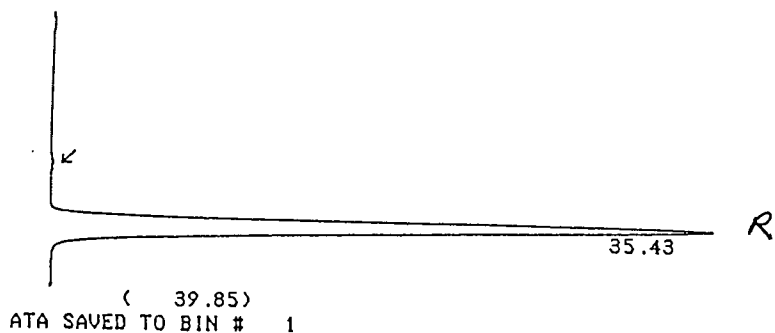
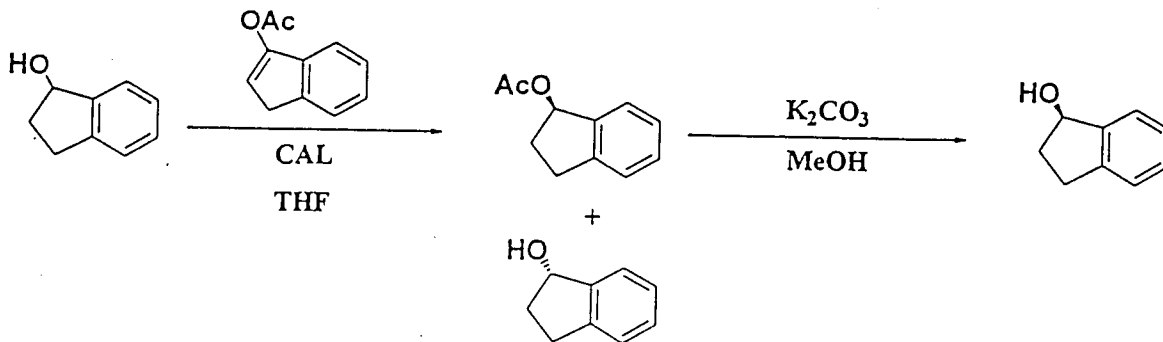
 Flow rate: 0.5mL/min

 UV : 217nm

08/02/99 16:15:56 CH= "A" PS= 1.

FILE	METHOD	RUN	INDEX	BIN
1.	0.	8	8	6
PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA BC	
1	0.387	11.7	8383 01	
2	84.297	29.73	1826385 01	→ (S)-alcohol
3	15.316	33.61	331837 01	→ (R)-alcohol
TOTAL	100.		2166605	

ee_s = 69.25(%)



Column :Daicel OD
 Eluent: n-Hexane/IPA=98/2
 Flow rate:0.5mL/min
 UV : 217nm

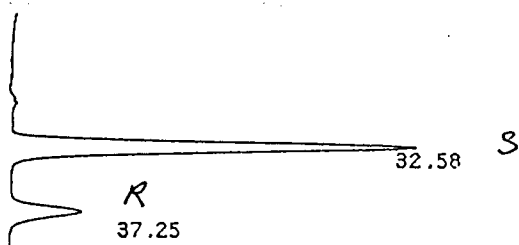
06/23/99 13:15:53 CH="A" PS= 1.

FILE 1. METHOD 0. RUN 1 INDEX 1 BIN 1

PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA BC
1	2.122	5.05	25795 01
2	1.978	7.65	24051 02
3	1.185	10.01	14404 03
4	0.166	13.32	2024 01
5	1.723	15.93	20950 01
6	92.825	35.43	1128483 01 → (R)-alcohol

ee = > 99.5%

TOTAL 100 1215707



DATA SAVED TO BIN # 1

Column :Daicel OD
 Eluent: n-Hexane/IPA=98/2
 Flow rate:0.5mL/min
 UV : 217nm

06/22/99 09:40:40 CH="A" PS= 1.

FILE 1. METHOD 0. RUN 1 INDEX 1 BIN 1

PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA BC
1	0.023	7.72	763 01
2	0.091	9.43	2984 01
3	15.744	11.93	516806 02 → acetate
4	0.482	12.75	15832 03
5	0.681	13.7	22367 02
6	0.117	14.4	3833 03
7	0.117	15.97	3846 01
8	60.42	21.22	1983346 01 → enol-ester/ketone
9	0.188	29.27	6170 01
10	18.603	32.58	610669 01 → (S)-alcohol
11	3.533	37.25	115969 01 → (R)-alcohol

ees = 68.08%

TOTAL 100. 3282585

Table 1. The enantioselectivity in the lipase-catalyzed reactions of **3a** in dry organic solvents.

entry	lipase	solvent	donor	ee _s	ee _p	c	E
1	CAL	toluene	VA	0.443	0.491	0.474	4
			1a	0.971	0.874	0.499	42
2		benzene	VA	0.451	0.727	0.383	9.8
			1a	0.334	0.893	0.272	25
3		<i>t</i> -butyl methyl ether	VA	0.252	0.217	0.537	2
			1a	0.475	0.840	0.361	18
4		methylene chloride	VA	0.121	0.666	0.154	5.6
			1a	0.132	0.898	0.128	21
5		tetrahydrofuran	VA	0.313	0.335	0.483	2.7
			1a	0.409	0.970	0.297	98
6	PCL	toluene	VA	0.968	0.987	0.495	639
			1a	>0.995	>0.995	0.500	>2390
7		<i>t</i> -butyl methyl ether	VA	0.994	0.948	0.512	216
			1a	0.877	0.987	0.470	445
8		methylene chloride	VA	0.822	0.971	0.458	175
			1a	0.724	>0.995	0.421	>870
9		acetonitrile	VA	0.798	0.970	0.451	161
			1a	0.775	0.955	0.438	943
10		tetrahydrofuran	VA	0.766	0.933	0.451	67
			1a	0.876	>0.995	0.468	>1160

Table 2. The enantioselectivity in the lipase-catalyzed reactions of **1** with **3** in THF.

entry	lipase	donor	acceptor	ee _s	ee _p	c	E
1	CAL	VA	3b	0.693	0.822	0.457	21
2		1b	3b	0.681	>0.995	0.406	>818
3	PCL	VA	3b	0.613	0.916	0.401	43
4		1b	3b	>0.995	>0.995	0.500	>2390
5		VA	3c	0.994	0.791	0.557	48
6		1c	3c	0.909	>0.995	0.477	>2130
7		1b	3a	0.498	0.991	0.335	364
8		1c	3a	0.952	0.983	0.492	390
9		1a	3b	0.695	0.984	0.414	255
10		1a	3c	0.970	0.982	0.497	459